HISTORY OF PA STAN PART-II (4th Year) 1947A.D. 2000 A.D.

1. Early period

Introduction and Background of Pakistan. Early difficulties and problems with especial emphasis on Kashmir issue and Canal Water dispute. Quaid-i-Azam as Governor General.

2. Political and Constitutional Development: Formative phase (194758) The objective Resolution 1949, Basic principles committee's report, Muhammad Ali Bogra's formula, Dissolution of the first Constituent Assembly, Formation of one unit, constitution of 1956, its main features.

3. Military rule: (1958-1971)

The Basic democracy, the constitution of 1962, its working and failure. Ayub Khan's Regime; growth of Industrialization, Agricultural reforms, Indo-Pakistan War 1965.

Yahya Khan's regime, his Legal Frame Work Order, General elections of 1970, Awami Leagues six points programme, the political crises, Indo-Pak War 1971, causes for the Separation of East Pakistan, Fail of Dhaka.

4. Revival of Democracy in Pakistan (1972-77)

Z.A. Bhutto's regime. Policies; reforms 1973 Constitution and its first seven Amendments Failure of Parliamentary Democracy in Pakistan, circumstances leading to the imposition of Martial Law in 1977.

5. Military Rule: (1977-88)

Zia-ul-Haq's policies and efforts at the Islamization of Laws.

Restoration of Parliamentary system, Referendum, Elections of 1985. RCO and the 8th Amendment, Junejo's Ministry, Dissolution of the Assembly,

6. Restoration of Democratic Governments

Constitutional Amendments. The functioning of Democratic Governments and their failure.

7. Political Parties

Pakistan Muslim Leaaue, Awami League, Jamat-i-Islarni, Islam. Jamiat-ul-Ulama-e-Pakistan. National Awami Party, Pakistan Peoples Party.

8. Vested Interest Groups

Feudals, Sectarian Parties, Military and Civil Bureaucracy, Ethnicity.

9. Economic Development

Land Reforms; Industrial Development, Nationalization Denationalization and Privatization.

10. Foreign Policy

Basic principles of Pakistan's Foreign Policy.Relations with immediate neighbours: India, Afghanistan, Iran, Chinaand Central Asia. Relations with Muslim World: Saudi Arabia, Turkey, !raq and Indonesia, Malaysia. Relations with Super Powers: U.S.A., Russia, Defense Pacts: SEATO,CENTO. Economic Pacts: ROD, ECO, SAARC, OIC. Relations with the European Union. Pakistan's Stand on War against Terrorism.

11. Human Rights in Pakistan

Human Rights, Gender issue, child Labour, Minorities

Suggested Readings.

- 1. LH (iTcch! A shnrt Nicfrrnr of
- 2. Khalid bin Saeed, The Political System of Pakist;.-3.1.
- 3. G.W Chaudhry, Constitutional Development in oakistan.
- 4. Inaytullah, Economic Problems of Pakistan.
- 5. S.M. Burke, Foreign Policy of Pakistan.

- 6. Safdar Mahmood, Pakistan: History and Politics
- 7. Ayub Khan, Friends not Masters.
- 8. Rafiq Afzal, Political Parties in Pakistan.
- 9. Hasa n Askari, Military & Politics in Pakistan.
- 10. Lawrence Ziring, Pakistan in the 20th Century.11. Stanly worlpert, Zu!fi Bhutto of Pakistan.
- 17. Jalal, Ayesha "The Sole Spokesman".
- 18. " "Sovereignty and the Self' 19. Ziring, L. "Ayub Khan Era"
- 20. Ali, Shaukat "Pakistan A Religin Political History".